

# Table of Contents

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Problems & Past Solutions
- 3. Methodology
- 4. Models
- 5. Experiments
- 6. Conclusion

## Introduction

Introduction Problems & Methodology Model Experiment Conclusion

## Why is my topic important?

#### The high demand for travel





Introduction Problems & Methodology Model Experiment Conclusion

From Taiwan Tourism Administration https://stat.taiwan.net.tw/

#### 國人出國目的地 Outbound Destination 🖸

統計範圍:113年1-3月累計

(Outbound departures of nationals in January-March 2024)

#### 緬甸(Myanmar) 印度(India) 阿拉伯聯合大公國(UAE) 荷蘭(Netherlands) 捷克(Czech) 澳門(Macao) 義大利(Italy) 奧地利(Austria) 香港(Hong Kong) 馬來西亞(Malaysia) 德國(Germany) 中國大陸(China) 土耳其(Turkey) 加拿大(Canada) 印尼(Indonesia) 韓國(Korea) 泰國(Thailand) 美國(USA) 越南(Vietnam) 柬埔寨(Cambodia) 英國(U.K.) 澳洲(Australia) 新加坡(Singapore) 西班牙(Spain) 菲律賓(Philippines) 紐西蘭(New Zealand) 帛琉(Palau) 汶萊(Brunei) **1**,479,870 - 286,010 **2**75,770 - 75,730 **6**1,190 - 20,700 **1**8,190 - 13,130 13,110 - 3,430 2,610 - 100

## In the post-pandemic era, People are eager to travel

Introduction Problems & Methodology Model Experiment Conclusion

High Travel Demand

High Travel Demand

Itinerary Problems

## **Problems & Past Solutions**

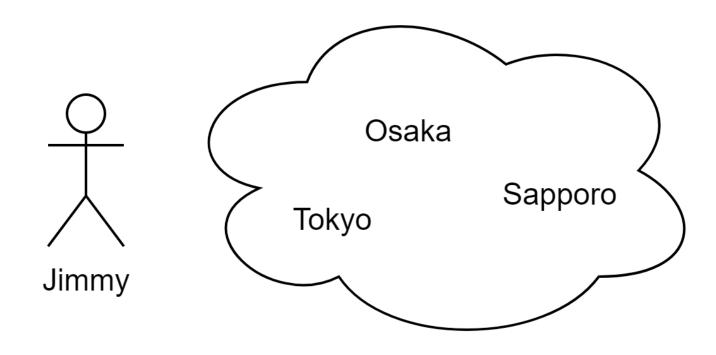
Introduction Problems & Methodology Model Experiment Conclusion

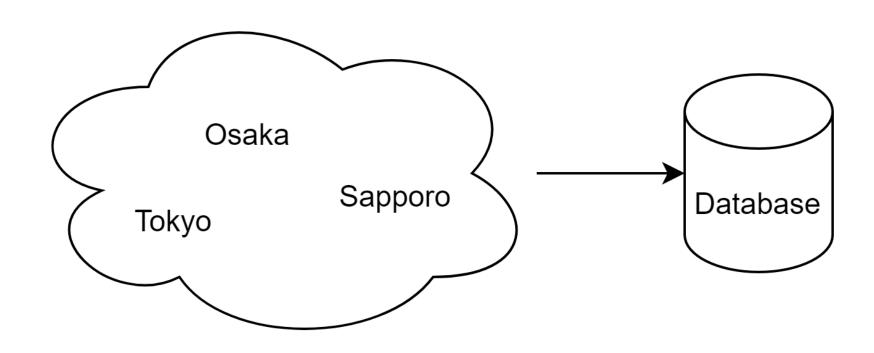
## Trip planning is time-consuming

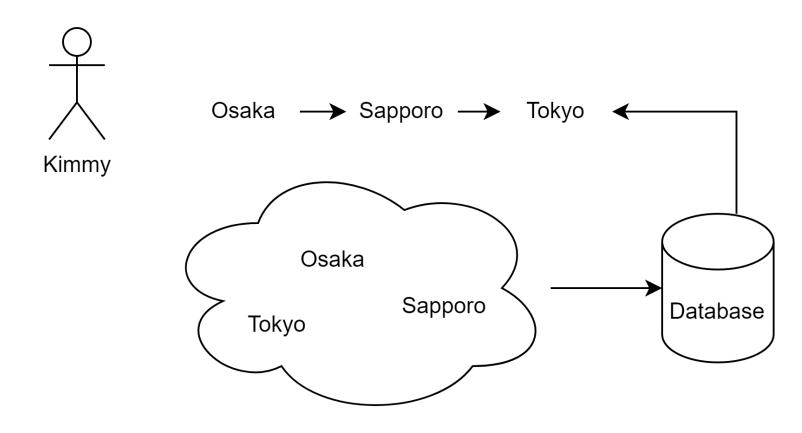
## Trip planning is time-consuming



## Past solution: Collaborative filtering

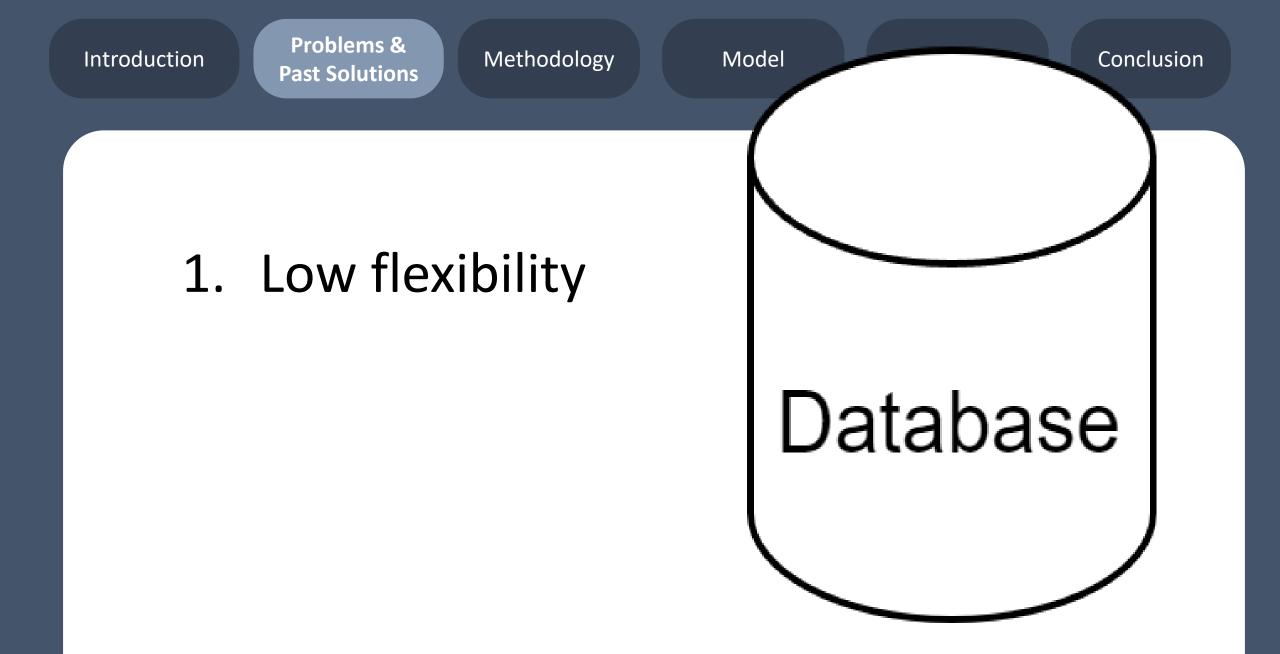






Introduction Problems & Methodology Model Experiment Conclusion

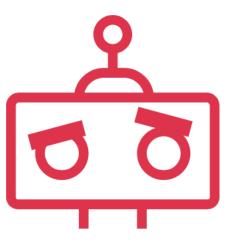
Osaka --> Sapporo --> Tokyo



Introduction

- 1. Low flexibility
- 2. Poor Scalability





Introduction Problems & Past Solutions

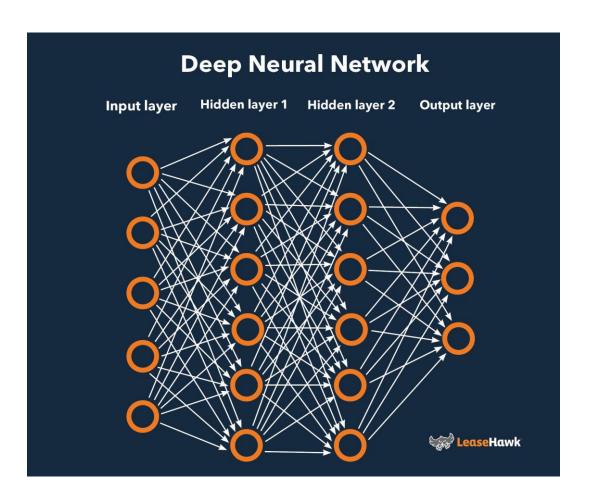
Methodology

Model

Experiment

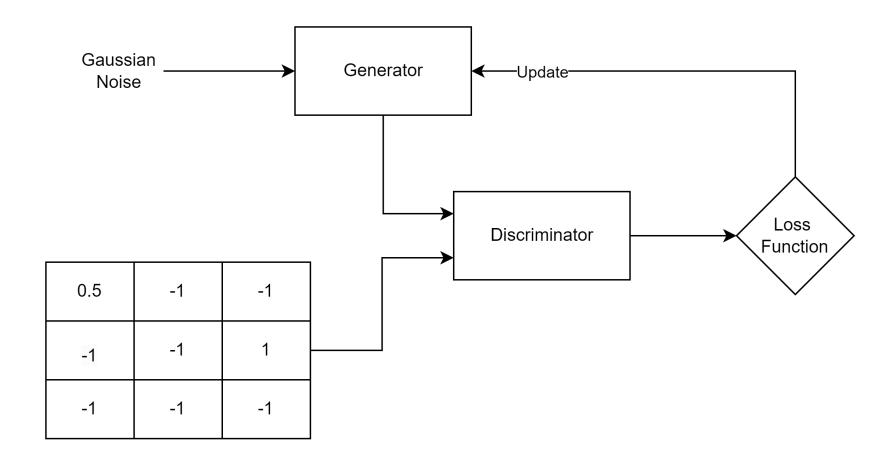
Conclusion

# Deep Learning Solution!!

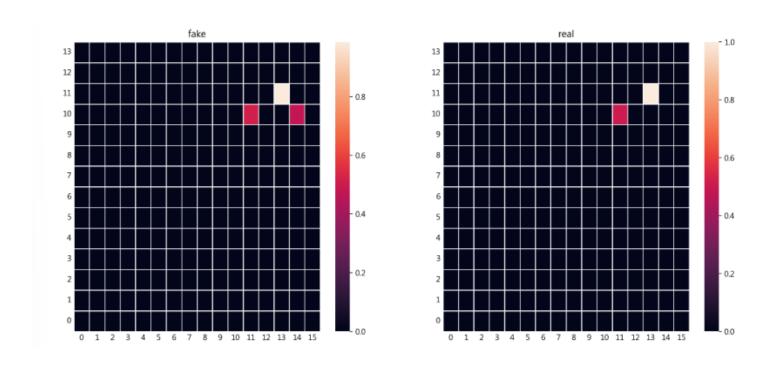


Your Guide to Understanding Artificial Intelligence (leasehawk.com)

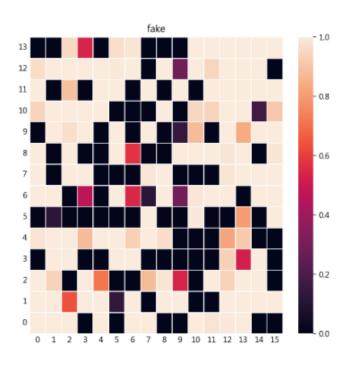
#### Mr. Chiu's proposed a GAN architecture to address this problem

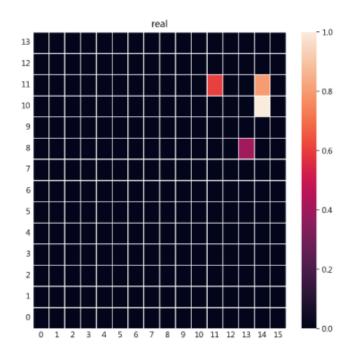


#### Prediction from a Model proposed in Mr. Chiu's Essay



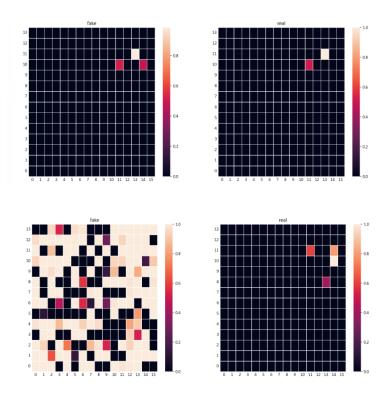
#### Prediction from a Model proposed in Mr. Chiu's Essay





#### Model Prediction from Mr. Chiu's Essay

- 1. Inconsistent result
- 2. Noisy output



#### Objective:

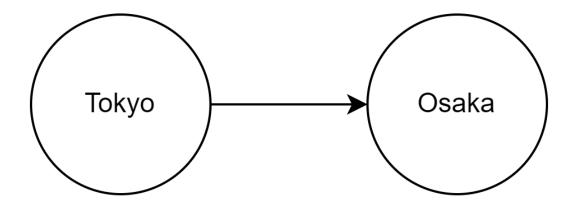
Build a better model and improve the

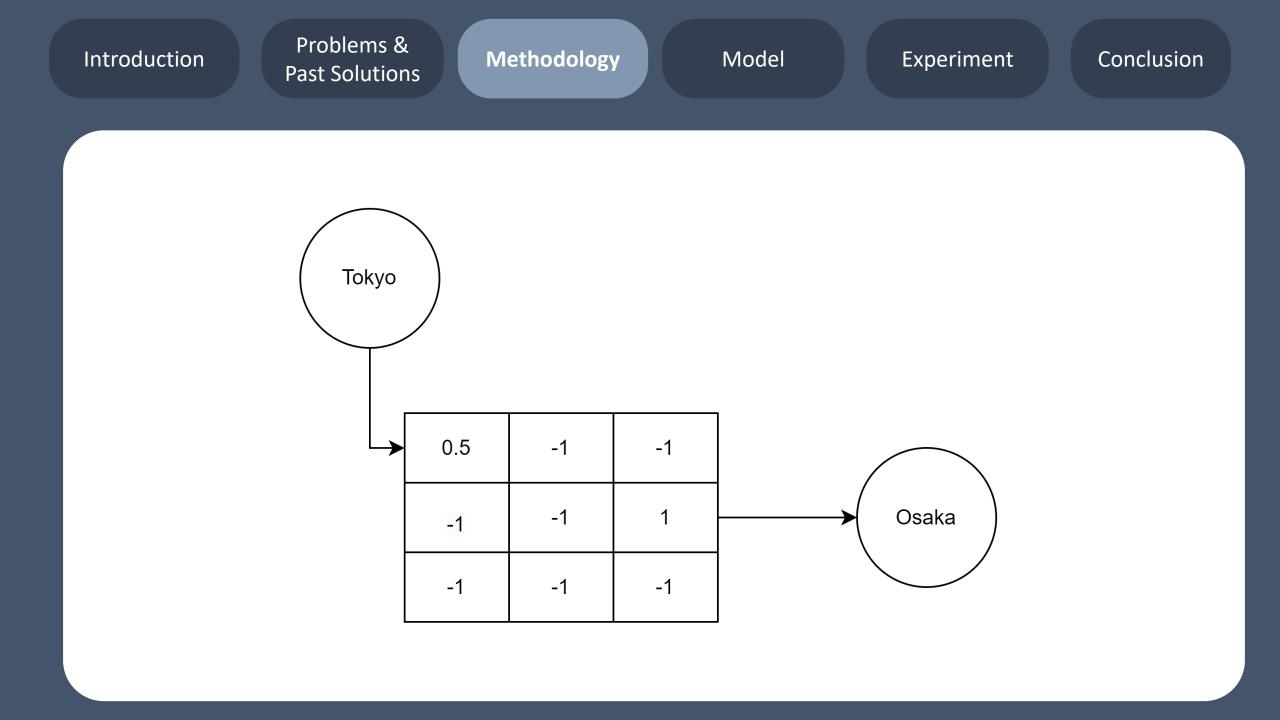
training procedure

## Methodology

## Dataset

Introduction Problems & Problems & Methodology Model Experiment Conclusion

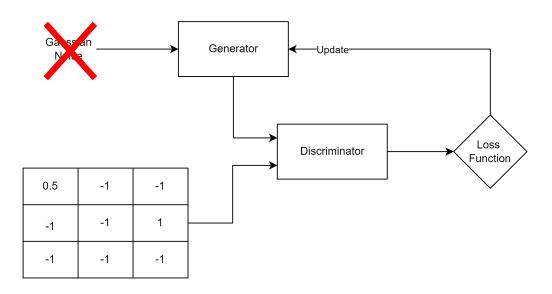




### **Solutions to Past Problems**

#### Problem 1: Inconsistent result

Solution: remove the Gaussian noise.

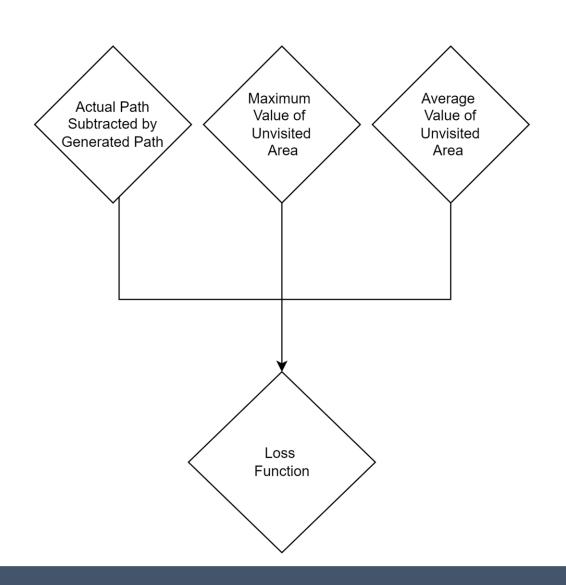


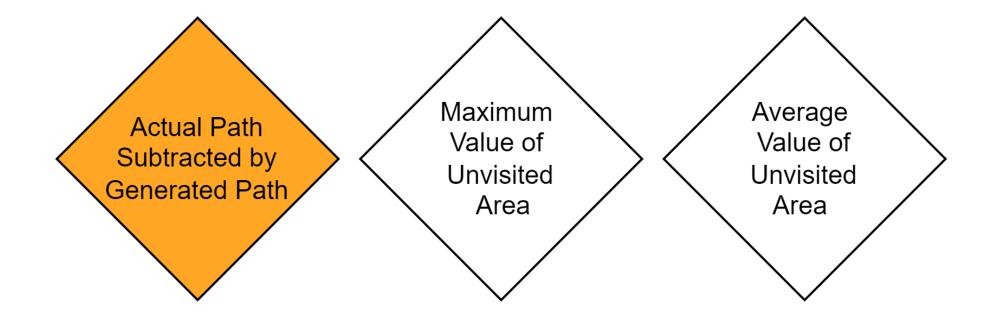
#### Problem 2: Noisy output

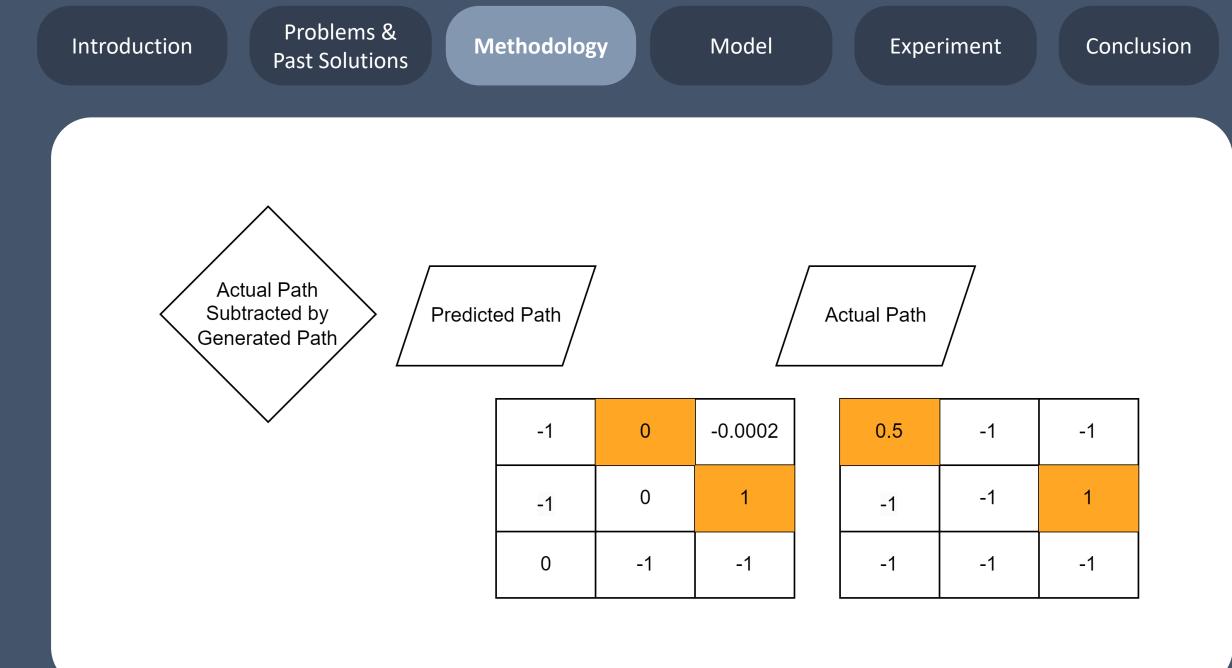
Solution: change the loss function and training procedure.

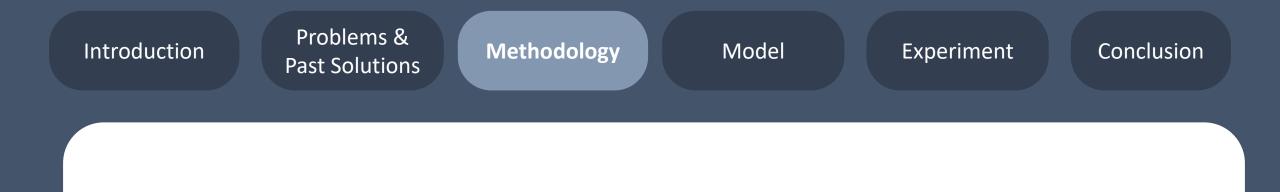
## Original Loss Function

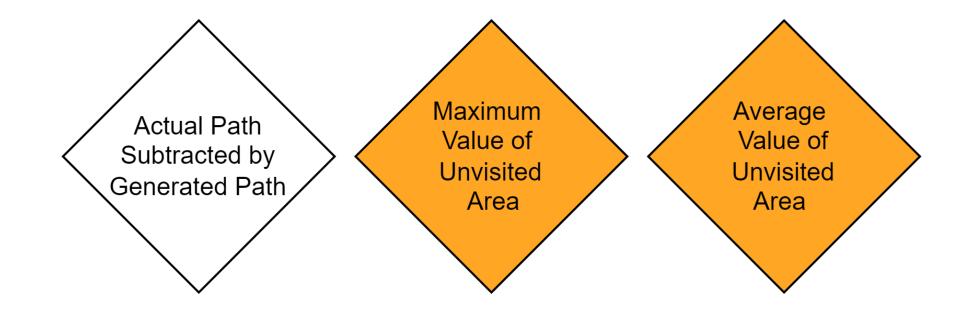


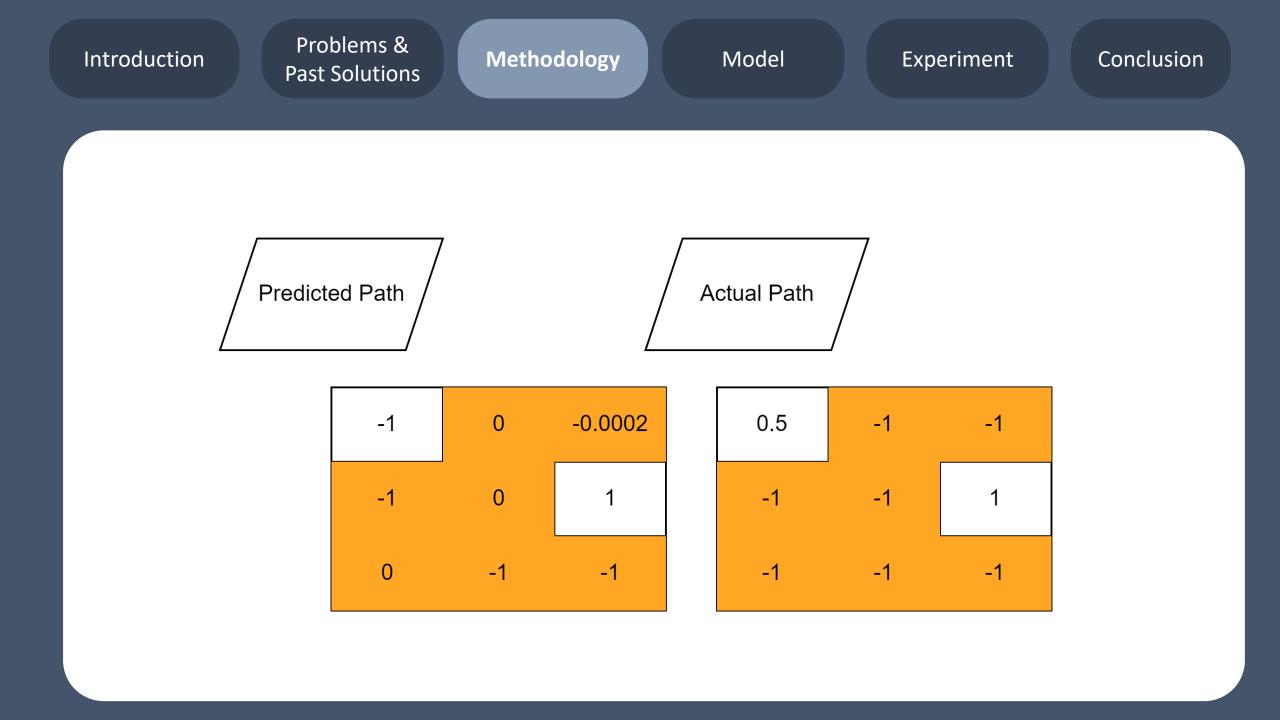






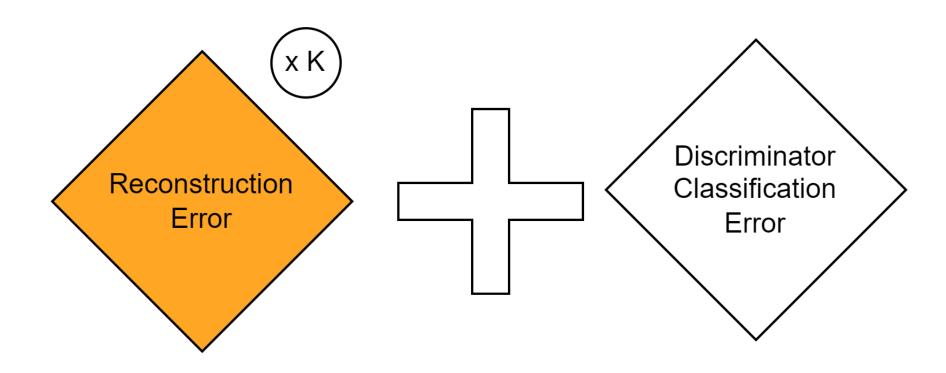






## **Our Loss Function**

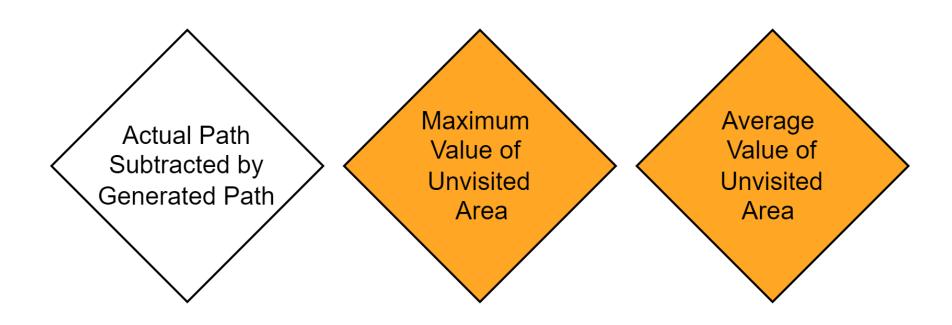
### The clue is given to the generator



Introduction Problems & Methodology Model Experiment Conclusion

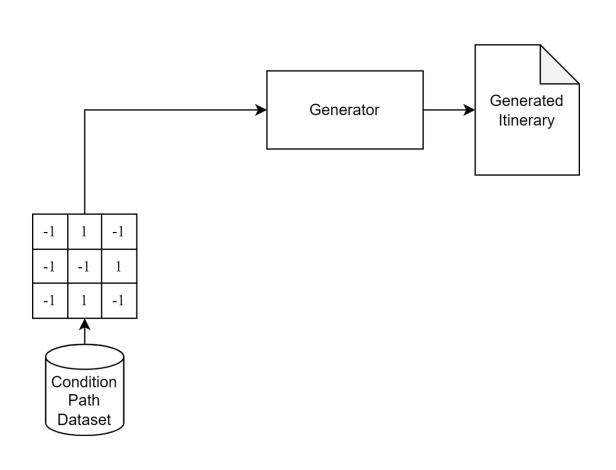
## Why is the problem solved?

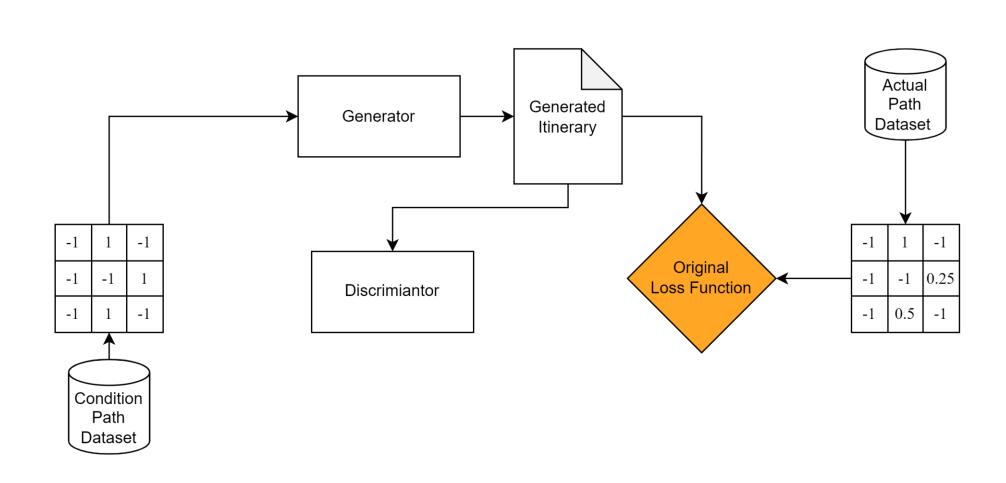
### The clue is given by the discriminator!

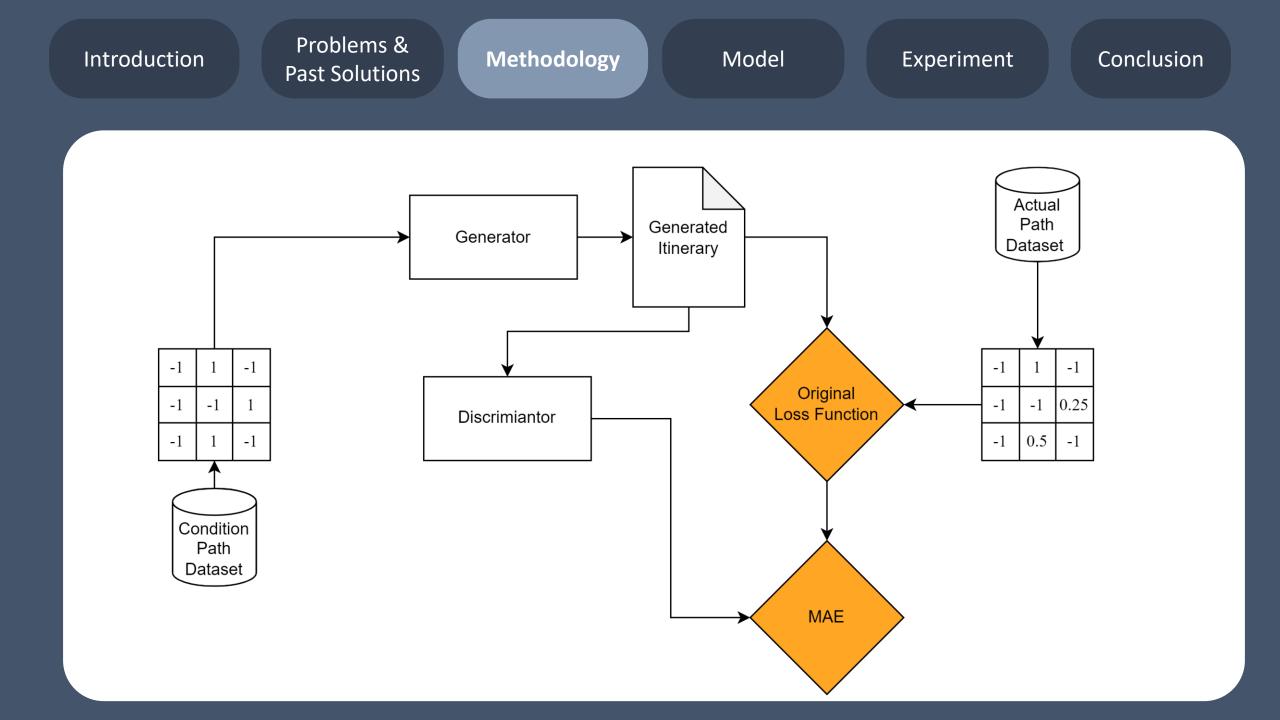


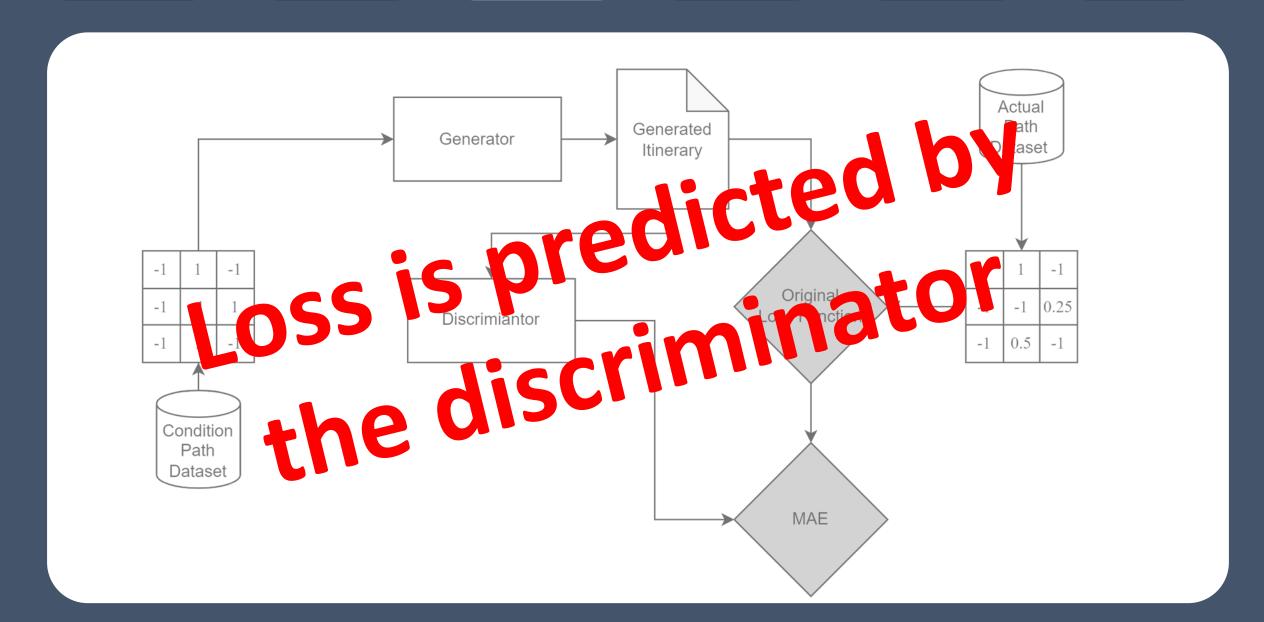
# The instruction to the generator is given by the discriminator

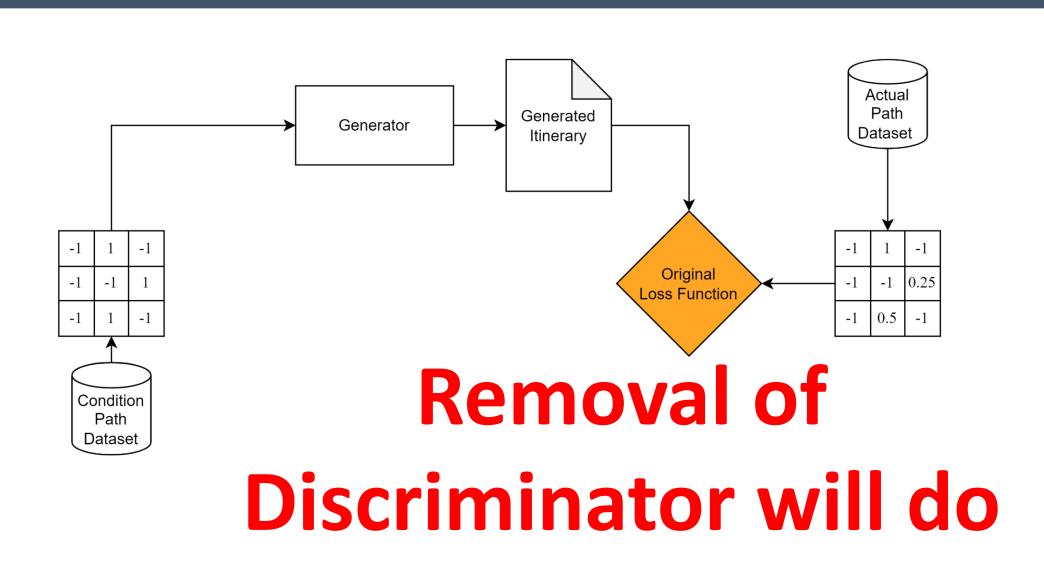
Introduction Problems & Methodology Model Experiment Conclusion





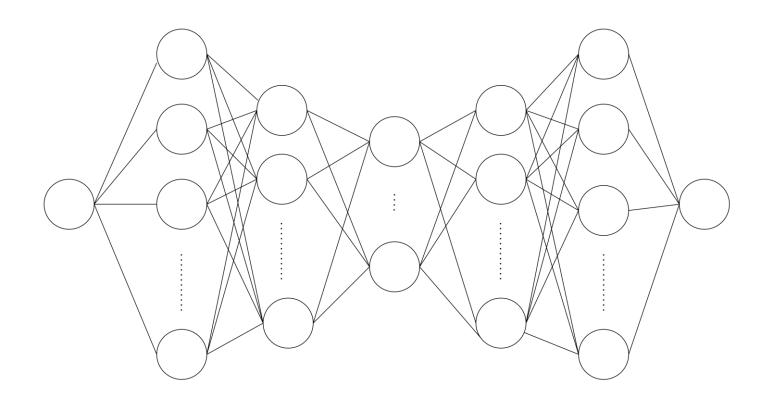




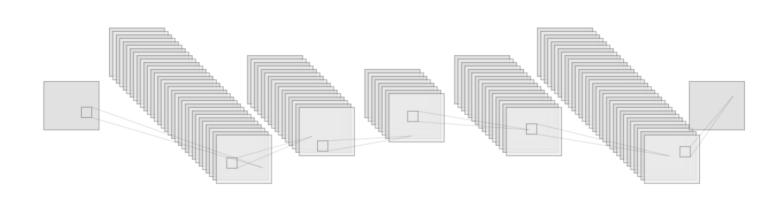


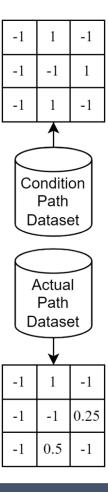
# Model

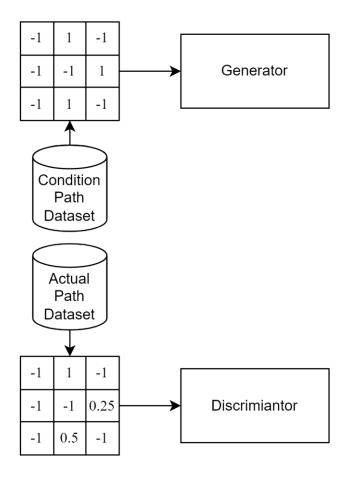
### **Fully Connected Neural Networks**

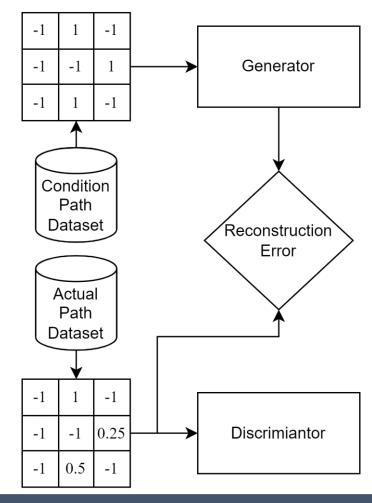


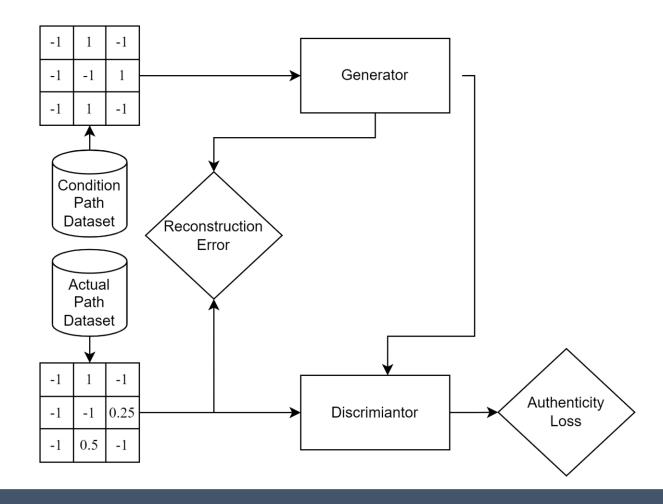
#### **Convolutional Neural Networks**

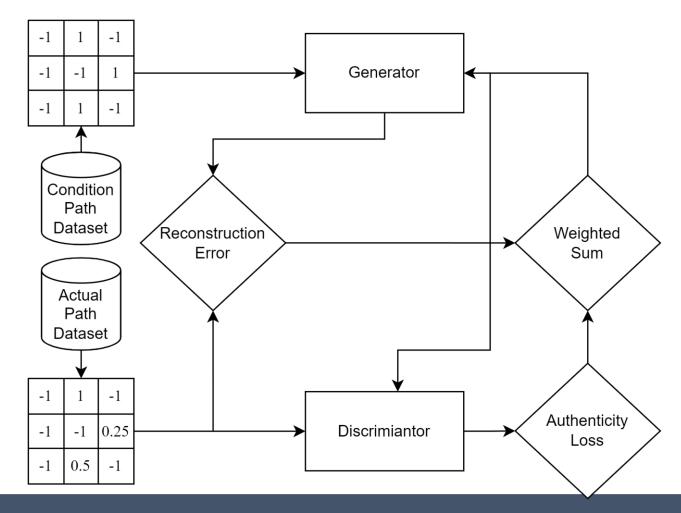




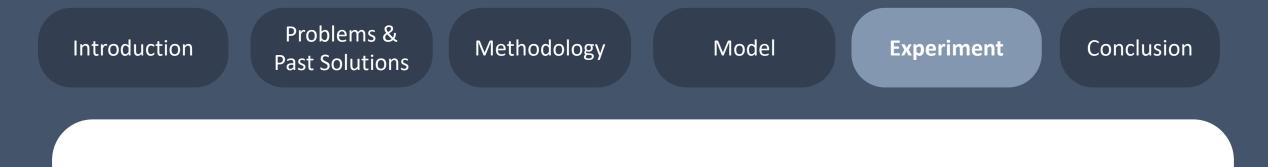


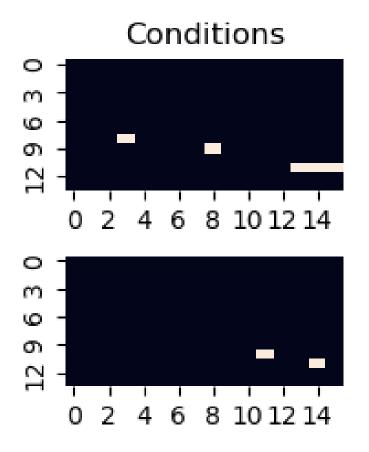


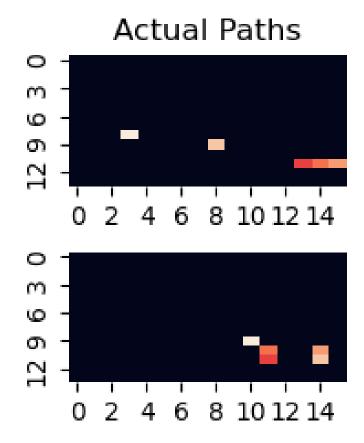




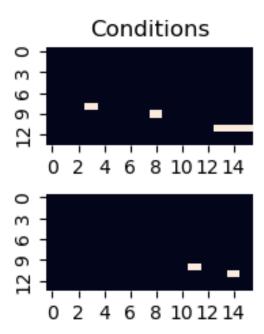
# Experiment

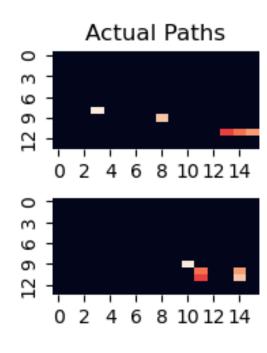


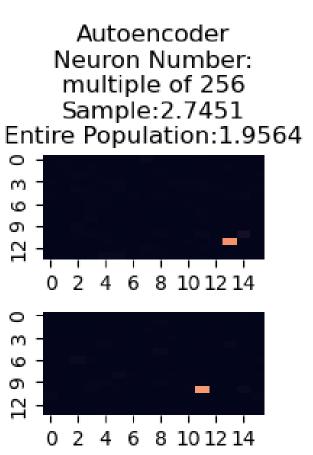




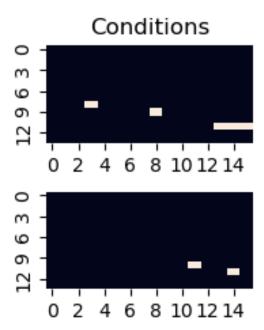
# **Fully Connected Neural Networks**

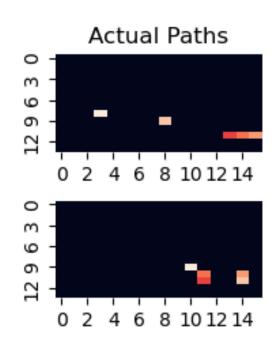


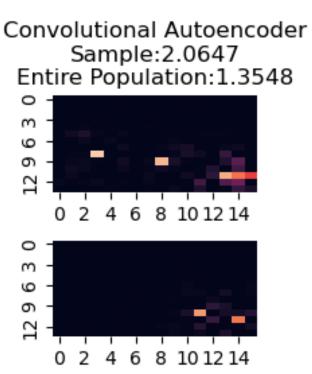


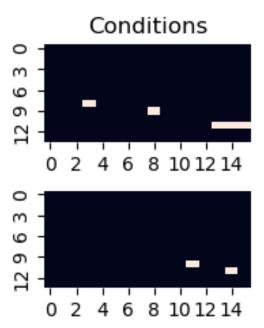


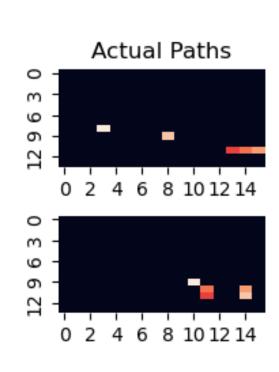
# **Convolutional Neural Networks**

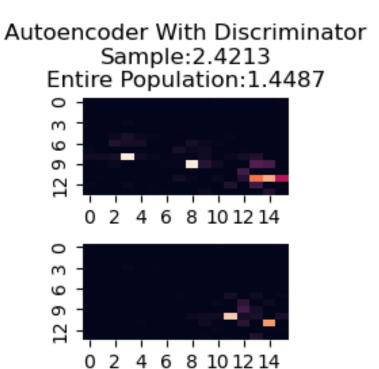












## Conclusion

#### **Problems**

- 1. Inconsistent result
- 2. Noisy output

### Problems Solutions

- 1. Inconsistent result 1. G
- 2. Noisy output

- 1. Gaussian Noise removal
- Change of the training procedure

| Introduction Problems & Methodology Model Experiment Concl |
|--|
|--|

|      | Fully Connected Neural<br>Network | Convolutional<br>Neural<br>Networks | Generative<br>Adversarial<br>Networks |
|------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Loss | 1.9564                            | 1.3548                              | 1.4487                                |

## Q & A sessions